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Human Language Technology Initiatives EU research programmes FP6 and FP7

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 Recognised importance of joint evaluation and shared data/tools/ annotation schemes

• FP6:

 significant effort in HLT (biggest ever) including work in MT and ML

• FP7:

- HLT, ML, MT has a "home"
- Ambition to increase effort on MT, ML
- However: EC need help in defining exactly what should be done and how
 - Europe needs to set its own challenges!



Evaluation



FP4-5 efforts in

- Evaluation, tools, data, standards
- Through separate (small) projects
- FP6 efforts
 - Mainly though large projects (IP & NoE)
 - Increased weight in international evaluation campaigns (incl. NIST)

How to organise EU evaluation work?

- Cooperation with partners:
 - Organisations: ELRA, LDC, NIST,...
 - Projects: CHIL, AMI, CLEF, TC-STAR, GALE,....
- Opportunity for FP7 NoE (or ERA-net, Art 169)?



Framework Programme 6 European Content



2002-2006

"The focus of IST in FP6 is on the future generation of technologies in which computers and networks will be integrated into the everyday environment, rendering accessible a multitude of services and applications through **easy-to-use human interfaces**"

• 2 Focus areas:

- Natural interaction between humans and the physical or virtual environment
- Multilingual communication systems

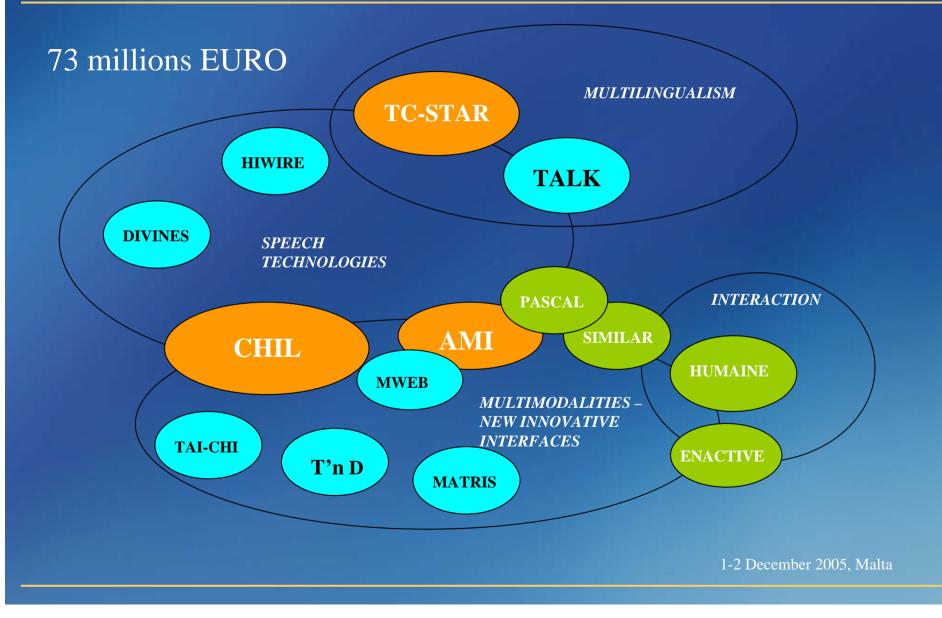
• Funding:

- Approx. 135 MEUR (EU-funding) 2002-2006
- "pure HLT" R&D: 50-60%



FP6 portfolio (call 1) European Commission







IST call 5



Closed: 21 September 2005 Budget: 62 M€ Instruments: IP, STReP New/Traditional Instruments: 60/40 funding Number of proposals: 101 ESRs: mid-December 2005 Invitations to negotiations: February 2006 **Project launch:** 14-16 projects by mid-2006



Coverage Call 5

(areas covered by selected projects)

• HLT, Multilingual, Machine Translation

- Statistical and hybrid Machine Translation
- Language portability
- Conversational interfaces, intelligent agents
- Speech technology and dialogue

New modalities, Multimodality

- Haptics and tactile interfaces
- Holographic displays, 3D tracking
- Emotional aspects
- Collaborative systems, meeting support
- Open software platforms & user centred design
- Interfaces for demanding applications, e.g.
 - Automotive, mobile and home environments
 - Surgery, artistic creation, security





Framework Programme 7



2007-2013 ?

- FP7 specific programme on Cooperation:
 - "Technology pillar": Simulation, Visualisation, Interaction and Mixed Realities
 - "Integration of technologies" and "Applications research"

Includes:

- Increased and more visible effort in multilinguality and machine translation
- Intuitive user interfaces
- Budget still to be defined







- Commission proposal for specific programmes published
 - <u>europa.cec.eu.int</u> (cf. programme "cooperation")
- ICT technology pillar on simulation, visualisation, interaction and mixed realities:
 - "Natural intuitive and easy-to-use interfaces and new ways to interact with technology, machines, devices and artefacts"
 - "Multilingual and automatic machine translation system"

Integration of technologies

- *"Personal environments: integration of multimodal interfaces,, personal communication and computing devices"*
- "Home environments: ..., access to information,..., Management of knowledge"
- Also in <u>applications research</u> and <u>ICT supporting</u> <u>business and industry</u>







• What does it mean? You decide!

- You need to feed us ideas, roadmaps, justifications, target application areas, good R&D
 - Ad hoc expert group on multilinguality and MT
 - June 2005 meeting in Luxembourg
 - Dedicated FP7 workshop with repr. of current MMI&ML projects: 30-31 January 2006
 - Possible joint EU GALE workshop in February (or April)
 - Suggestions, "white papers" welcome anytime
 - Open web-consultations likely to be organised





- Joseph Mariani, Ministry of Research,
 France
- Eva Hajicova, Charles University, Czech Republic
- Gabor Pròszeky, Morphology, Hungary
- Piek Vossen, Irion Technologies, The Netherlands
- Nicoletta Calzolari, CNR-LC, Italy
- Jörg Schütz, IAI, Germany (absent)
- Stelios Piperidis, ILSP, Greece

- Bente Maegaard, CST, Denmark
- Daniel Grasmick, SAP AG, Germany
- Bernd Reuse, BMBF, Germany
- Hans Uszkoreit, DFKI, Germany
- Alex Waibel, University Karlsruhe, Germany
- Gianni Lazzari, ITC-IRST, Italy
- Rose Lockwood, consultant, UK
- Martin Kay, Stanford University, USA
- Hervé Blanchon, GETA, France

Luxembourg, 6 June 2005





• Weak integration into real applications

- need to demonstrate added value focus on less ambitious tasks with high potential impact – get useful results fast!
- parallel evolution of technologies and resource
 - implementations often do not exploit new types of resources
 - claims for resources often not empirically evaluated
- focus on language and media independent analysis and synthesis – text summarisation, retrieval in multilingual corpora, processing multi-modal data (speech, video, etc.), automatic encyclopaedia for resources in different source languages answer questions, help decision making
- focus on basic system features performance and robustness, systems that learn and adapt, human-factors and usability, portability across languages, media and delivery

Ways and devices that make language "disagane 2005, Malta





Language infrastructure(s)

- basic resources (spoken, written) for all languages
- make large-scale resources available on the Internet using the "Open Source" model
- focus on interoperability, reusability and tools for rapid resource creation (acquisition, annotation, porting across domains, languages, etc.)
- new types of resources (metadata, multilingual, facts and common-sense knowledge, example-based contextsensitive)
- integrate lexicons, terminologies and ontologies into knowledge resources
- share and integrate annotation environments
- foster international consensus





Speech

- open (domain-unlimited) speech translation systems
- fully automatic speech recognition of spontaneous, conversational speech with error rates <10%
- fusion with other modalities

Evaluation/performance

- shift to evaluating quality
- end-to-end evaluation in real world situations
- more coordination of distributed effort
- develop a strong persistent evaluation infrastructure in Europe
- Europe should set its own challenges





Machine translation

- translation does not have to perfect, or even very good, to be useful, how to build confidence with users?
- focus on helping the translator, and exploit new ways for man-machine cooperation in the dialogue between the translator and machine
- focus on reliability (robustness) and performance (<u>quality</u> for "publishing" information not just on quantity for "gisting"), predicting the quality of a translation
- major shift to hybrid systems integrating statistical modelling, semantic knowledge, and machine learning, but avoid technological convergence, and foster competing solutions
- demonstrate potential solutions by showcasing results in multilingual systems working in specific domains
- help translation document production (improve "translatability" of source texts, terminology look-up, automatic language correction tools)
- new evaluation protocols and metrics, e.g. for quality translations, for machine learning algorithms

Translation is hard, evaluating translations is evencehar2005, Malta







- Application drivers media industry requirements such as subtitling, multilingual information systems (showcases), cross-language question answering systems, location-based services, emergence of intelligent communicative agents, "machine" that follow-up discussions between humans (e.g. meeting transcription, air traffic control, etc.), personal digital memories
- Need to continue to integrate work on basic research, technology development (with performance evaluation) and application building and testing with industry, and foster an "Open Source" movement
- At the European level focus on infrastructure, coordination and R&D for multilingual systems promote standards and portability, share systematically data, tools, computing, information, resources, as well as requirements and specifications for high-quality resources support evaluation and performance assessment build competences, develop service functions, demonstrate the outcome of research and the potential of the technologies and support work on non-European languages

We need a place to meet and exchange experience



Further information



General FP6: http://europa.eu.int/comm/research/fp6/ http://www.cordis.lu/ IST: http://www.cordis.lu/ist

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